

STREET:	Las Casitas Drive	TO	Rider Avenue
FROM	Ranchero Drive		
STAFF			
DATE	5/21/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="6,117"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">20</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="40"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">20</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="5"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="2"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">20</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="1"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">15</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="10"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">10</div>
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin-left: auto;">85</div>

STREET:	Arcadia Way	TO	Natividad Road
FROM	El Dorado Drive		
STAFF			
DATE	5/21/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="5,731"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="37"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="6"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="1"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="1"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">10</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="13"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">13</div>
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">83</div>

STREET:	West Acacia Street		
FROM	Iverson Street	TO	Padre Drive
STAFF			
DATE	4/12/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="6,077"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="36"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="4"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">12</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="2"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="10"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">10</div>
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto;">82</div>

STREET:	Van Buren Avenue		
FROM	Russell Road	TO	San Juan Grade Road
STAFF			
DATE	5/31/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)										
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	AWDT <input type="text" value="3,777"/> ADT <input type="text" value="20"/>									
2 Speed (20 Points)										
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	85th Percentile <input type="text" value="42"/> MPH <input type="text" value="20"/>									
3 Crash History (20 Points)										
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points										
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Collisions</td> <td><input type="text" value="2"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fatal</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian/Bike</td> <td><input type="text" value="1"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table> <input type="text" value="9"/>	Collisions	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each	Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each
Collisions	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each								
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each								
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each								
4 Land Use (20 Points)										
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Designated School</td> <td><input type="text" value="2"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian Generator</td> <td><input type="text" value="1"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table> <input type="text" value="20"/>	Designated School	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each	Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each			
Designated School	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each								
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each								
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)										
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.										
	Score <input type="text" value="10"/> /20 <input type="text" value="10"/>									
TOTAL SCORE <input type="text" value="79"/>										

STREET:	Antigua Avenue	TO	North Sanborn Road
FROM	Rider Avenue		
STAFF			
DATE	5/21/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT <input type="text" value="1,827"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="7"/>
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile <input type="text" value="34"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="18"/>
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions <input type="text" value="6"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="18"/>
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School <input type="text" value="2"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score <input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="68"/>

STREET:	Towt Street		
FROM	East Alisal Street	TO	East Market Street
STAFF			
DATE	5/22/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="4,912"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">20</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="33"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">16</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="2"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">6</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="2"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">20</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="4"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">4</div>
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">66</div>

STREET:	Roosevelt Street	TO	North Pearl Street
FROM	Kern Street		
STAFF			
DATE	5/15/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	3,002 ADT
	20
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	34 MPH
	18
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	10 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	20
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	0 Each
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each
	5
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	1 /20
	1
TOTAL SCORE	64

STREET:	California Street	TO	John Street
FROM	East Romie Lane		
STAFF			
DATE	5/31/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	AWDT <input type="text" value="3,750"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="20"/>									
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	85th Percentile <input type="text" value="32"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="14"/>									
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points										
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Collisions</td> <td><input type="text" value="1"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fatal</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian/Bike</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table>	Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each	Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each									
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.										
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Designated School</td> <td><input type="text" value="1"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian Generator</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table>	Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each	Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>			
Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Each									
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.										
	Score <input type="text" value="12"/> /20	<input type="text" value="12"/>									
	TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="59"/>									

STREET:	North Madeira Avenue		
FROM	East Market Street	TO	East Alisal Street
STAFF			
DATE	5/21/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	AWDT <input type="text" value="4,653"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="20"/>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	85th Percentile <input type="text" value="32"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="14"/>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
	Collisions <input type="text" value="7"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
	Score <input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
TOTAL SCORE		<input type="text" value="55"/>

STREET:	Acosta Street	TO	Beech Street
FROM	North Sanborn Road		
STAFF			
DATE	4/24/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	1,127 ADT
	0
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	33 MPH
	16
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	5 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	15
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	2 Each
Pedestrian Generator	2 Each
	20
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	2 /20
	2
TOTAL SCORE	53

STREET:	CHARDONNAY DRIVE		TO	CROMWELL DRIVE
FROM	MCKINNON STREET			
STAFF				
DATE	4/6/2024			

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="2,481"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="20"/>

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="45"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="50"/>
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STREET:	Los Palos Drive	TO	Fairmont Drive
FROM	East Romie Lane		
STAFF			
DATE	5/5/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	2,981 ADT
	20
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	38 MPH
	20
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	1 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	3
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	0 Each
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each
	5
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	13 /20
	13
TOTAL SCORE	48

STREET:	SWANER AVENUE		
FROM	SANTA RITA STREET	TO	VAN BUREN AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	681 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	32 MPH	14
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	4 Each	12
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	10
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	11 /20	11
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TOTAL SCORE	47
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STREET:	Lorimer Street	TO	West Alisal Street
FROM	Central Avenue		
STAFF			
DATE	4/17/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT <input type="text" value="511"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile <input type="text" value="39"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School <input type="text" value="2"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score <input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="44"/>

STREET:	CALAVERAS DRIVE	TO	YREKA DRIVE
FROM	EL DORADO DRIVE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY

POINTS

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="2,679"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="20"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="30"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="10"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="2"/> Each	<input type="text" value="6"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="42"/>
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STREET:	Colton Drive	TO	Flint Way
FROM	Estrada Way		
STAFF			
DATE	4/12/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	AWDT <input type="text" value="657"/> ADT <input type="text" value="0"/>									
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	85th Percentile <input type="text" value="33"/> MPH <input type="text" value="16"/>									
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Collisions</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fatal</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian/Bike</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table> <input type="text" value="0"/>	Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each	Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each
Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Designated School</td> <td><input type="text" value="2"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian Generator</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table> <input type="text" value="20"/>	Designated School	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each	Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each			
Designated School	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Each									
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Each									
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	Score <input type="text" value="5"/> /20 <input type="text" value="5"/>									
TOTAL SCORE		<input type="text" value="41"/>									

STREET:	Emerald Drive	TO	Arcadia Way
FROM	Donner Way		
STAFF			
DATE	4/12/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="1,319"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">0</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="35"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="2"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">6</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="1"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">10</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="3"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">3</div>
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;">39</div>

STREET:	RANCHERO DRIVE	TO	LA HONDA COURT
FROM	LAS CASITAS DRIVE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="719"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="34"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="18"/>
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="8"/> /20	<input type="text" value="8"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="39"/>
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STREET:	Navajo Drive	TO	North First Street
FROM	Adams Street		
STAFF			
DATE	5/5/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">AWDT <input type="text" value="1,511"/> ADT</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">0</div>
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;">85th Percentile <input type="text" value="38"/> MPH</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">20</div>
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Collisions <input type="text" value="1"/> Each Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">3</div>
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points. <div style="text-align: right;"> Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">0</div>
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned. <div style="text-align: right;">Score <input type="text" value="15"/> /20</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">15</div>
		TOTAL SCORE <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; text-align: center; margin: 0 auto;">38</div>

STREET:	SANTA TERESA WAY	TO	EAST LAUREL DRIVE
FROM	GRANADA AVENUE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	801 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	32 MPH	14
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	2 Each	6
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	10
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	4 /20	4
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TOTAL SCORE	34
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STREET:	ALAMO WAY	TO	LAS CASITAS DRIVE
FROM	GARNER AVENUE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,884 ADT	8

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	32 MPH	14
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	2 Each	6
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	5 /20	5
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TOTAL SCORE	33
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STREET:	Jackson Street	TO	Swaner Avenue
FROM	Van Buren Avenue		
STAFF			
DATE	4/24/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	208 ADT
	0
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	30 MPH
	10
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	1 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	3
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	1 Each
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each
	15
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	5 /20
	5
TOTAL SCORE	33

STREET:	PUEBLO DRIVE	TO	NORTH FIRST STREET
FROM	ADAMS STREET		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="540"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="36"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="10"/> /20	<input type="text" value="10"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="30"/>
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STREET:	PESCADERO DRIVE	TO	INGLEWOOD STREET
FROM	LOS COCHES AVENUE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	845 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	29 MPH	8
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	2 Each	6
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	10
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	5 /20	5
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TOTAL SCORE	29
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STREET:	Klamath Drive	TO	Arcadia Way
FROM	Calaveras Drive		
STAFF			
DATE	4/24/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	1,535 ADT
	1
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	33 MPH
	16
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	3 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	9
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	0 Each
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each
	0
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	2 /20
	2
TOTAL SCORE	28

STREET:	ALAMEDA AVENUE		
FROM	ABBOTT STREET	TO	EAST ROMIE LANE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="1,394"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="31"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="12"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="15"/> /20	<input type="text" value="15"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="27"/>
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STREET:	Los Coches Avenue	TO	Cambrian Drive
FROM	Natividad Road		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
	Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	AWDT <input type="text" value="1,148"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>
2	Speed (20 Points)	
	Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	85th Percentile <input type="text" value="35"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
3	Crash History (20 Points)	
	Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
	Collisions <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
	Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
	Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
4	Land Use (20 Points)	
	Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
	Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
	Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
	Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
	Score <input type="text" value="2"/> /20	<input type="text" value="2"/>
		TOTAL SCORE <input type="text" value="25"/>

STREET:	PALOMA AVENUE	TO	MARGARET STREET
FROM	QUILLA STREET		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,370 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	33 MPH	16
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	1 Each	3
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	5 /20	5
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TOTAL SCORE	24
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STREET:	St. Francis Way	TO	Sorentini Drive
FROM	Rosarita Drive		
STAFF			
DATE	4/23/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT <input type="text" value="577"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile <input type="text" value="32"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="14"/>
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score <input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="24"/>

STREET:	Newport Court		
FROM	Lexington Drive (W)	TO	Lexington Drive (E)
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1	Traffic Volumes (20 Points) Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">0</div>									
	AWDT <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">179</div> ADT										
2	Speed (20 Points) Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">14</div>									
	85th Percentile <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">32</div> MPH										
3	Crash History (20 Points) Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">0</div>									
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Collisions</td> <td><div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fatal</td> <td><div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian/Bike</td> <td><div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table>	Collisions	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each	Fatal	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each	Pedestrian/Bike	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each	
Collisions	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each									
Fatal	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each									
Pedestrian/Bike	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each									
4	Land Use (20 Points) Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">0</div>									
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Designated School</td> <td><div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pedestrian Generator</td> <td><div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div></td> <td>Each</td> </tr> </table>	Designated School	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each	Pedestrian Generator	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each				
Designated School	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each									
Pedestrian Generator	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">0</div>	Each									
5	Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points) Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">10</div>									
	Score <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">10</div> /20										
TOTAL SCORE		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">24</div>									

STREET:	MIMBRERA WAY	TO	RIDER AVENUE
FROM	NOGAL DRIVE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY

POINTS

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	615 ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	27 MPH	4
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	15
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 20

STREET:	Monroe Street	TO	Tulane Street
FROM	West Laurel Drive		
STAFF			
DATE	5/5/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)	
Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. The traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
AWDT	772 ADT
	0
2 Speed (20 Points)	
Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
85th Percentile	31 MPH
	12
3 Crash History (20 Points)	
Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points	
Collisions	2 Each
Fatal	0 Each
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each
	6
4 Land Use (20 Points)	
Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.	
Designated School	0 Each
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each
	0
5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)	
Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.	
Score	1 /20
	1
TOTAL SCORE	19

STREET:	HARTFORD STREET		
FROM	COVENTRY STREET	TO	INGLEWOOD STREET
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="129"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="22"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="18"/>
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STREET:	CARMELITA DRIVE	TO	PALMA DRIVE
FROM	WEST ALISAL STREET		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="324"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="28"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="6"/>
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="16"/>
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STREET:	FAIRVIEW AVENUE	TO	CAROL DRIVE
FROM	SHARON DRIVE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,409 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	32 MPH	14
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 15

STREET:	BEVERLY DRIVE	TO	FLORENCE PLACE
FROM	FAIRVIEW AVENUE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="244"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="28"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="6"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="5"/> /20	<input type="text" value="5"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="11"/>
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STREET:	SHARON DRIVE		
FROM	BARBARA PLACE	TO	FAIRVIEW AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	405 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	23 MPH	0
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	10 /20	10
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TOTAL SCORE	10
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STREET:	FLORENCE PLACE		
FROM	FAIRVIEW AVENUE	TO	BEVERLY DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	225 ADT	0

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	29 MPH	8
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 9

STREET:	CAROL DRIVE		
FROM	FLORENCE PLACE	TO	FAIRVIEW AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	83 ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	22 MPH	0
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	
Fatal	0 Each	0
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	0

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	8 /20	8
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TOTAL SCORE	8
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STREET:	BARBARA PLACE		
FROM	FAIRVIEW AVENUE	TO	BEVERLY DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="135"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="27"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="4"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="5"/>
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STREET:	HARRYETTE DRIVE	TO	CAROL DRIVE
FROM	FAIRVIEW AVENUE		
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 **Traffic Volumes (20 Points)**

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="147"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 **Speed (20 Points)**

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="19"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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3 **Crash History (20 Points)**

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 **Land Use (20 Points)**

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 **Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)**

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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STREET:	JEAN AVENUE		
FROM	SHARON DRIVE	TO	CAROL DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	4/25/2024		

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	102 ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	17 MPH	0
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE	1
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