

STREET:	PASEO GRANDE		
FROM	NORTH SANBORN ROAD	TO	MORENO DRIVE/MORENO CIRCLE
STAFF			
DATE	FEBRUARY 4-6, 2020		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	2,149 ADT	13

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	31 MPH	12
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	5 Each	18
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	1 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	2 Each	20
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	2 /20	2
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TOTAL SCORE 65

STREET:	WEST ACACIA STREET		
FROM	COLUMBIA AVENUE	TO	WEST ALISAL STREET
STAFF			
DATE	MAY 20-26, 2021		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT	4,284 ADT	18

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (30mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	36 MPH	12
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	4 Each	12
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	15
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 58

STREET:	IVERSON STREET		
FROM	WEST BLANCO ROAD	TO	HOMESTEAD AVENUE/CLAY STREET
STAFF			
DATE	FEBRUARY 3-6, 2020		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT	3,823 ADT	13

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	33 MPH	
		16

3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	1 Each	
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	
		3

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	2 Each	
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	
		20

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	6 /20	
		6

TOTAL SCORE 58

STREET:	VICTOR STREET		
FROM	LARKIN STREET	TO	WEST ROSSI STREET
STAFF			
DATE	APRIL 9-11, 2019		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	<input type="text" value="0"/>
AWDT	<input type="text" value="1,284"/> ADT	

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="35"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="3"/> Each	<input type="text" value="9"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="2"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="4"/> /20	<input type="text" value="4"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	NOGAL DRIVE	
FROM	LAS CASITAS DRIVE	TO FREEDOM PARKWAY
STAFF		
DATE	MAY 10-12, 2022	

CATEGORY	POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT <input type="text" value="2,354"/> ADT		<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile <input type="text" value="37"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions <input type="text" value="4"/> Each		<input type="text" value="12"/>
Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each		
Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each		

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each		<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each		

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score <input type="text" value="10"/> /20	<input type="text" value="10"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	CALAVERAS DRIVE		
FROM	EL DORADO DRIVE	TO	YREKA DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	JULY 14-15, 2021 (2-DAY DURATION)		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	2,679 ADT	20

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	30 MPH	10
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	2 Each	6
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	5
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 42

STREET:	SWANER AVENUE		
FROM	SANTA RITA STREET	TO	VAN BUREN AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	NOVEMBER 5-16, 2018		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="588"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="32"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="14"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="3"/> Each	<input type="text" value="9"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="7"/> /20	<input type="text" value="7"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	RICO STREET	
FROM	LARKIN STREET	TO
STAFF		
DATE	APRIL 16-18, 2019 & JUNE 11-13, 2019	

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT <input type="text" value="3,466"/> ADT		<input type="text" value="10"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile <input type="text" value="37"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School <input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator <input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score <input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	SANTA TERESA WAY		
FROM	LAUREL DRIVE	TO	GRANADA AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	APRIL 26-28, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="698"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="40"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="4"/> /20	<input type="text" value="4"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:			NOICE DRIVE
FROM	EAST LAUREL DRIVE	TO	CHAPARRAL STREET
STAFF			
DATE	APRIL 5-7, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,785 ADT	6

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	32 MPH	14
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	2 Each	9
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	1 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	5
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 35

STREET:	UNIVERSITY AVENUE		
FROM	AMBROSE DRIVE	TO	PALMA DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	MAY 24-26, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="345"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="38"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="20"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="2"/> /20	<input type="text" value="2"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	ALMA AVENUE	
FROM	NORTH SANBORN ROAD	TO BEECH STREET
STAFF		
DATE	MARCH 29-31, 2022	

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="889"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="32"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="14"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="2"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	LA MESA DRIVE		
FROM	SAN JUAN DRIVE	TO	SAN MARCOS DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	OCTOBER 30 - NOVEMBER 1, 2018		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="890"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="34"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="18"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="3"/> Each	<input type="text" value="9"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="5"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	CRESPI WAY		
FROM	PALMA DRIVE	TO	WEST ACACIA STREET
STAFF			
DATE	MARCH 8-10, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="367"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="19"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="3"/> Each	<input type="text" value="20"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="0"/> /20	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	BURLINGTON DRIVE		
FROM	PROVINCETOWN DRIVE	TO	BURLINGTON DRIVE DEAD END
STAFF			
DATE	APRIL 26-28, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,148 ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	27 MPH	4
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	0 Each	0
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	1 Each	15
Pedestrian Generator	1 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	2 /20	2
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TOTAL SCORE 21

STREET:	WEST SAN LUIS STREET		
FROM	WEST STREET	TO	CHURCH STREET
STAFF			
DATE	MARCH 29-31, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Collector Facility	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="736"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="28"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="6"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="2"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	MENDOCINO DRIVE		
FROM	PLACER WAY	TO	EL DORADO DRIVE
STAFF			
DATE	SEPTEMBER 20-26, 2017		

CATEGORY		POINTS
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1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="957"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="33"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="16"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	ARCHER STREET		
FROM	BELMONT DRIVE	TO	UNIVERSITY AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	MAY 10-12, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="655"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="30"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="10"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	EAST ACACIA STREET		
FROM	CALIFORNIA STREET	TO	ALAMEDA AVENUE
STAFF			
DATE	MAY 17-19, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="721"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="31"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="12"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	<input type="text" value="1"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	ANGELUS DRIVE		
FROM	EAST LAUREL DRIVE	TO	ELWOOD STREET
STAFF			
DATE	MARCH 15-17, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="209"/> ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="26"/> MPH	2
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	3
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	5
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="1"/> /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 11

STREET:	KENNETH AVENUE		
FROM	EAST LAUREL DRIVE	TO	FAIRHAVEN STREET
STAFF			
DATE	MARCH 8-10, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="605"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="28"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="6"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="1"/> Each	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="0"/> /20	<input type="text" value="0"/>
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TOTAL SCORE

STREET:	EAST STREET	
FROM	NORTH FILICE STREET	TO NORTH SANBORN ROAD
STAFF		
DATE	MAY 24-26, 2022	

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	1,131 ADT	0

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	26 MPH	2
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	1 Each	3
Fatal	0 Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	0 Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	0 Each	0
Pedestrian Generator	0 Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	1 /20	1
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TOTAL SCORE 6

STREET:	TWIN CREEKS DRIVE		
FROM	TWIN CREEKS CIRCLE	TO	TWIN CREEKS WAY
STAFF			
DATE	MAY 17-19, 2022		

CATEGORY **POINTS**

1 Traffic Volumes (20 Points)

Measure weekday average daily traffic volumes on the residential roadway. Counts should be collected over a 3-day duration and averaged. Seasonal considerations should be considered and volumes should be measured during the regular school calendars. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a maximum capacity of 2,000 average daily trips. For typical residential streets, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 50 vehicles per day exceeding 1,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points. Special consideration is given to a local collector facility. A Local Collector (Residential Type II) roadways are designed with a larger cross-section and may serve as a bus route, and typically has a capacity of 5,000 average trips per day. For typical collector facilities, the traffic calming score for volume shall be determined as 1 point for every 100 vehicles per day exceeding 2,500 with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Facility	Residential street	
AWDT	<input type="text" value="546"/> ADT	<input type="text" value="0"/>

2 Speed (20 Points)

Measure the speed at which 85 percent of traffic travels that speed or below. Collected speeds should only be measured under conditions of free flow and should omit data observed from following vehicles or interrupted flow. A typical two-lane undivided residential street has a posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour. The traffic calming score for speed shall be determined as 2 point for mile per hour measured from the 85th percentile speed over the posted (25mph) speed limit with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

85th Percentile	<input type="text" value="26"/> MPH	<input type="text" value="2"/>
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3 Crash History (20 Points)

Review accident data for the three most recent years for which data is available. The traffic calming score for speed shall be calculated as 3 point for every accident. Adjustment factors of 3 and 2 are used respectively, to weight crash history for fatal and pedestrian/bicyclist collisions. A maximum possible score of 20 points.

Collisions	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Fatal	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	
Pedestrian/Bike	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

4 Land Use (20 Points)

Proximity to designated schools and pedestrian generators (e.g. parks, libraries, and other public facilities) within 500 feet of the roadway section. The traffic calming score should add 10 points for every school and 5 points for every additional pedestrian generator with in vicinity of the study area with a maximum possible score of 20 points.

Designated School	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Pedestrian Generator	<input type="text" value="0"/> Each	

5 Geometrics and Engineering Considerations (20 Points)

Presence of sight distance issues, changes in vertical or horizontal curvature, corner sight considerations, presence of sidewalks, uncontrolled crosswalks and other unusual conditions or characteristics not aforementioned.

Score	<input type="text" value="2"/> /20	<input type="text" value="2"/>
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TOTAL SCORE