Rent Stabilization and Tenant Protection

August 20, 2024 Salinas City Council



Community Development Team

Housing

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Community Engagement

- Public process began on October 24, 2023
 - Housing and Land Use Committee Meetings
 - TAC Meetings: April 30, May 15, May 29, and July 17, 2024
 - Community Listening Session: June 6, 2024
 - Community Engagement Meetings: June 13, 2024; August 1, 2024
- Notices sent directly to the Housing Division's Distribution list (162 individuals)
- Community Relations: Notices distributed through social media and other platforms for a total engagement/reach of 28,986 users
 932 individuals signed up to receive direct notifications
- Local media have covered the City's progress on this program

Purpose of Meeting; Agenda

- Review Rent Stabilization Ordinances and Program
- Receive report from Economic & Planning Systems, Inc.
- Receive questions, comments, and direction from the City Council

Purpose and Intent of Program Rent Stabilization and Tenant Protections are intended to protect residential tenants from unreasonable rent increase and to protect tenants from arbitrary, discriminatory, or retaliatory evictions

• At the same time assure landlords the right to a fair return

Rent Stabilization: Costa-Hawkins

- Power to establish rent control is limited by the Cost—Hawkins Rental Housing Act (January 1, 1995)
- Restricts the powers of cities:
 - Cities may not create rent control for singlefamily homes, condominiums, and multi-family housing first occupied after February 1, 1995
 - Prevents "vacancy control" in all types of housing: Allows landlords to raise the rent to market rate when the tenant moves out

Rent Stabilization Ordinance

- Applies to:
 - All Rental Units, unless exempt
 - Multifamily dwelling units building BEFORE February 1, 1995
 - Mobile homes
- Exempt:
 - Single-family rentals
 - Condominium rentals
 - Rental units which are deed restricted as affordable
 - Multifamily dwelling units built AFTER February 1, 1995
 - Institutional and transient guest units

• Limits on Rent Increases: Tenant Protection Act of 2019

- Allows up to 2 rent increases per 12-month period
- Combined, must be less than 5% + CPI or 10%

• Limits Rent Increases

- One increase per 12-month period
- Maximum amount of increase:

 2.5% to 2.75% or 65% to 75% of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) Series Title: All items in West urban, all urban consumers, not seasonally adjusted

• Retroactive to December 31, 2023

- Allows landlord/owner to petition for relief to receive a fair and reasonable return
- Allows tenants to petition for rent reductions if rent is charged in excess of the ordinance limits
 - Hearing Officer will review; Subject to appeal to the City Council
- Allowance for capital Improvements

- Adds a definition for "Housing Services"
 - Amenities and services provided by the Landlord, including parking and utilities
 - A reduction in Housing Services is considered a rent increase
- Pass through of utility costs
- Rent increases not permitted
 - Failure to comply with Ordinance
 - Rental Unit not maintained in habitable condition
- Notice of Ordinance protections must be provided (English and Spanish)
- Rent Program Fee imposed on Rental Units
 - Fee to be set by Resolution of the City Council

Prop 33: Prohibit State Limitations on Local Rent Control Initiative

• "Justice for Renters Act"

- Designed to repeal Costa-Hawkins
- Would allow cities and counties to limit rent on all types of housing and for first-time tenants
- Would allow cities and counties to limit how much a landlord may increase rents when a new tenant moves in
- Prevents state from taking future actions to limit local rent control

City Council Considerations

 Include Costa-Hawkins exemptions in Rent Stabilization Ordinance?

Economic & Planning Systems, Inc.

Tenant Protection, Just Cause Eviction Intent is to provide housing stability and limit adverse impacts on displaced tenants

• Applies to all Rental Units, unless exempted

- Hotels, motels
- Rental Units where owner maintains their Primary Residence

Applies at start of tenancy

Tenant Protection, Just Cause Eviction, continued

- Just Cause required for termination of tenancy
- At Fault
 - Failure to pay rent
 - Breach of lease
 - Except for addition of family members
 - Nuisance, waste
 - Criminal activity
- No Fault
 - Owner move-in
 - Temporarily vacate for substantial repairs, demolition
- Ellis Act Provision
 - Removal of Rental Unit from Rental Market
 - (Relocation Assistance)

Tenant Protection, Just Cause, continued Requirements Upon Termination of Tenancy (At-Fault)

- Provide notice and an opportunity to cure
- Must demonstrate good faith, honest intent, and with no ulterior motive
- Notices filed with the City

Tenant Protection, Just Cause, continued

- Requirements Upon Termination of Tenancy (No Fault Evictions)
 - Requires notice to Tenant; Notices filed with City
 - Offer to renew if property back on market within 5 years
 - Relocation Assistance: Three months of actual rent (in addition to security amounts or deposits)
 - Additional notice of Residential Tenant Protections
- Notices must be in English and Spanish

Anti-Harassment

- Intent is to protect vulnerable populations and to prevent adverse health impacts as a result of involuntary displacement
- Applies to all residential rental units, including single-family residences and condominiums
- Prohibits landlord retaliation against tenants in response to a tenant exercising their legal rights:
 - Increasing rent
 - Refusing rent
 - Decreasing or eliminating housing services or access to amenities
 - Refusing to renew a lease or rental agreement
 - Physical or verbal harassment

Proposed Operative Date; Fiscal and Sustainability Impact

- Proposed Operative Date: January 1, 2025
- Fiscal and Sustainability Impact
 - Additional staff resources or contract support
 - Additional cost to the City
 - Budget will need to be established for the program and brought forward to the City Council
 - Program Fee, but delay in revenue received by the City

Timing and Next Steps

August 20, 2024, City Council Meeting

• How does the City Council want to proceed?

Next City Council Meetings

- September 10, 2024, Introduction of Ordinance
- September 24, 2024, Adoption of Ordinance

• January 1, 2025, Operative Date of Ordinance