### DOWNTOWN COMPLETE STREETS TALKING POINTS

## DOWNTOWN **COMPLETE STREETS**

- Protected left turn signals reduces all types of collisions.
- Pedestrian count downs provides crossing information for pedestrians. Coordination of signals - reduces rear end collisions.
- Lane reductions maintains slower traffic for the reduction of Injuries.
- Buffered bike lanes reduction of bicycle collisions.
- High visible crosswalks enhances crossing areas.
- Curb extensions improves sighlines at intersections so pedestrians and
- drivers can see each other better; shorter crossing distance. Traffic prioritization (GPS) for fire response.







- Center left turn lanes eliminated lane blockage caused by left turns.
- Signal coordination improves flow and throughput along the corridor.
- Smart signals real time data for timing adjustments to traffic conditions.
- Bike lanes encourage alternate mode of transportation to reduce number of vehicles on
- Transit corridor improved transit service can carry people efficiently.
- Transit prioritization.

# vehicles

- Protected left turns.
- Signal coordination.
- Speed control.



- Bike lanes.
- Intersection stripping.
- Way finding sinage.







# pedestrians

- Slower traffic speeds.
- Pedestrian countdowns (traffic signal).
- Curb extensions (improve sight lines/ shorter crossing distance).
- Crosswalks visible crossing areas.

## **MISCONCEPTIONS**

Wider lanes are always good.

### Reality:

- Wider lanes do not substantially increase roadway capacity. Wider lanes often under utilize available road space.
- Wider lanes increases speeds.
- Wider lanes may be appropriate for freeways but it does not
- make urban arterials safer.
- Wider lanes make crossing more difficult.
- Wider lanes do not encourage stopping/visits to services.

Slower Traffic is always negative.

### Reality:

- Slower traffic helps reduce severe injuries and fatalities.
- Slower traffic decreases distance needed to react. Slower traffic does not always mean increase in travel time.
- Slower traffic helps at schools and residential areas.
- Slower traffic improves pedestrian crossing safety
- Slower traffic improves cyclists' safety and comfort.
- Slower speeds typically improve fuel economy and reduce emissions.